

The Open University of Sri Lanka
 B.Sc. Degree Programme : LEVEL 04/05
 Department of Computer Science
 Final Examination 2019/2020
CSU4300 / CSU5315 – OPERATING SYSTEMS
DURATION: Two Hours (2 hours)



Date: 17/01/2020

Time: 9.30am – 11.30am

Answer **FOUR** Questions Only

QUESTION 1

- 1.1) What is the *privileged state* in an operating system ?
- 1.2) Process management and Memory management are two main components of an operating system. List another **three (3) main components** of an operating system.
- 1.3) Explain **five (5) operating system functions** in terms of programmer's view.
- 1.4) Process **P** has just started the execution in CPU at 0 ms and the processes **Q** and **R** arrive at 1 ms to the ready queue of the system. The process **S** arrives at the ready queue at 4 ms. Burst times of **P**, **Q**, **R** and **S** processes are 6, 4, 3, 1 (in ms) respectively. Context switch time of the system is 2 ms and the scheduling algorithm is SJF with preemption. Stating all the assumptions you make,
 - (i) Calculate the total number of context switches in the system.
 - (ii) Calculate the turnaround time for the process **P** inclusive of context switch times.

QUESTION 2

- 2.1) What is a *cooperating process*? List **four (4)** reasons to have cooperating processes.
- 2.2) Define the *critical section problem* in the context of concurrent processes.
- 2.3) List **five (5)** characteristics of message passing primitives.
- 2.4) The memory allocation of a system is given below. Allocated partitions are shaded and the partition numbering starts with 0. The system uses the linked list based memory management.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19

List the areas of the memory holes and the areas occupied by the processes in the standard notation.

- 2.5) Write an algorithm to solve *produce consumer problem* using semaphores.

QUESTION 3

- 3.1) List the **five (5)** major activities of an operating system in regard to process management.
- 3.2) What is the *Process Control Block* in an operating system? List **five (5)** fields of the Process control block.
- 3.3) Define the difference between *pre-emptive* and *non-pre-emptive* scheduling.
- 3.4) Consider a system with one CPU and five jobs. Each job has an arrival time, burst time and a priority as given below. *Priority* is ranked as 0 (lowest) and 127 (highest).

Job	Arrival Time	Burst Time	Priority
1	0	8	60
2	3	7	50
3	5	4	40
4	7	1	100
5	10	1	127

- (i) Draw a Gantt chart illustrating the jobs using the pre-emptive SJF scheduling algorithm and compute the average waiting time. Show all the calculations. (do not consider priority)
- (ii) Draw a Gantt chart illustrating the jobs and compute the average waiting time using the pre-emptive priority scheduling algorithm. Show the calculations.

QUESTION 4

- 4.1) Describe the **three (3)** types of threading models used in an operating system using suitable diagrams.
- 4.2) Suppose you have $A_{5 \times 4}$ and $B_{4 \times 8}$ matrices to be multiplied. At most, how many threads are needed to do the $A \times B$ matrix multiplication? Justify your answer.
- 4.3) Draw a diagram that describes combine approach for paging and segmentation.
- 4.4) Consider the following page reference string. Assume that there are no preparing occurs and three frames are allocated to process. Use the LRU page replacement algorithm.

2,1,3,4,2,1,3,4,2,1,3,4,5,6,7,8

- (i) Show what pages are in memory at a given time using a table.
- (ii) How many page faults would occur?

QUESTION 5

- 5.1) List **four (4)** approaches that can be used to recover from a deadlock?
- 5.2) Explain the *Dijkstra's Banker's Algorithm* using Available, Claim, Allocation and Require matrices.
- 5.3) In a System, there are a total of 16 units of the resource R1, 9 units of the resource R2 and 12 units of the resource R3. The system is in the following state (S0).

Process	Max			Allocation		
	R1	R2	R3	R1	R2	R3
P0	5	2	6	1	2	3
P1	3	5	7	2	2	4
P2	6	8	2	4	1	1
P3	7	5	3	3	3	1

- (i) Show that the above state (S0) is a safe state. Give the complete sequence of jobs.
- (ii) The process P2 requests for the resources (R1,R2,R3) equivalent to units (1,0,1) when the system is in state S0. Is it possible to grant the request by P2? Give process sequence.

QUESTION 6

- 6.1) List the different operations that can be performed on a file.
- 6.2) Explain the following Input / Output (I/O) techniques
- (i) Programmed I/O
 - (ii) Interrupt Driven I/O
- 6.3) Describe the functionality of the following disk access scheduling schemes
- (i) SCAN
 - (ii) C-LOOK
- 6.4) The performance of a file system depends upon the cache hit rate (fraction of blocks found in the cache). If it takes 3 ms to satisfy a request from the cache, and 40 ms to satisfy a request, when a disk read is needed.
- (i) Give a formula for the mean time required to satisfy a request if the hit rate is H.
 - (ii) Plot this function for values of H from 0 to 1.0 in increments of 0.2

