



Bachelor of Technology Honors in Engineering /  
Bachelor of Software Engineering Honors

Final Examination (2019/2020)  
MHZ5340 / MHZ5360 / MPZ5140 / MPZ5160: Discrete Mathematics II

Date: 02<sup>nd</sup> August 2020 (Sunday)

Time: 13:30 – 16:30

Instruction:

- Answer only six questions.
- Please answer a total of six questions choosing at least one from each single section.
- All symbols are in standard notation and state any assumption that you made.

SECTION – A

Q1.

- i. Let  $A$  be any nonempty set with the operation " $*$ " defined by  $x * y = 2(x + y) + 3xy$ . Is the operation,
- Associative?
  - Commutative?

Justify your answer.

[30%]

- ii. Define an abelian group in usual notation. Prove that  $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{-\frac{1}{2}\}$  is an abelian group with respect to the binary operation defined on  $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{-\frac{1}{2}\}$  by  $x * y = x + y + 2xy$ .

[45%]

- iii. Define a semi group in usual notation. Let " $*$ " be operation on  $\mathbb{R}$  defined by the following way:

$$x * y = 5(x + y)$$

Find that whether  $(\mathbb{R}, *)$  is a semi group.

[25%]

Q2.

- i. Let  $G = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & d \end{bmatrix} \mid a, b, d \in \mathbb{Z}, ad \neq 0 \right\}$ . Show that  $G$  is a group under usual matrix multiplication.

[60%]

- ii. Let  $(G, *)$  be a group. If  $a, b \in G$ . Suppose that  $a * b = b * a^{-1}$  and  $b * a = a * b^{-1}$ . Show that  $a^4 = b^4 = e$ .

[40%]

**Q3.**

- i. Define a homomorphism and Isomorphism for group in usual notation. [20%]
- ii. For a fixed element in a group  $G$ , define  $f_a: G \rightarrow G$  by  $f_a(x) = a^{-1} x a$ , for all  $x \in G$ . Show that  $f_a$  is a homomorphism. [40%]
- iii. Let  $G = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \mid a \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$ , and  $G' = \mathbb{R}$ . Assuming that  $G$  and  $G'$  are groups under the usual matrix multiplication. Let the mapping  $\phi: G \rightarrow G'$ , defined by  $\phi(A) = a$  where  $A = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  for all  $A \in G$ . Show that  $\phi$  is an Isomorphism. [40%]

**SECTION – B**

**Q4.**

- i. Define a simple graph. [15%]
- ii. By drawing each of the following graph, determine whether which of those graphs are simple or not. [45%]
  - a.  $G_1 = \{V_1, E_1\}$  where  $V_1 = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  and  $E_1 = \{\{x, y\} \mid 2x + y \text{ is even and } x \leq y\}$
  - b.  $G_2 = \{V_2, E_2\}$  where  $V_2 = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$  and  $E_2 = \{\{1,2\}, \{1,3\}, \{1,4\}, \{2,5\}, \{2,6\}, \{3,6\}, \{4,5\}, \{4,7\}\}$
  - c.  $G_3 = \{V_3, E_3\}$  where  $V_3 = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  and  $E_3 = \{\{i, j\} \mid i \times j \text{ is a divided by 2 and } i < j\}$
- iii. Let  $G$  be a graph of 8 vertices and 13 edges in which every vertex is of degree 3 or 4. How many vertices of degree 3 and 4 does  $G$  have? Construct one such graph  $G$ . [40%]

**Q5.**

- i. Define a tree graph and the forest. [10%]
- ii. Is it possible to draw the each of the following case: [40%]
  - a. A tree with 11 vertices, each of which has either degree 1 or degree 3.
  - b. A tree with 13 vertices, exactly 9 of which have degree of one.

- iii. Suppose that Ajith, Bandara, Chamara, Dias, Erika, Fernando and Geetha are planning a quiz. They are assigned to work on the following subjects: [50%]
- $A$  – Calculus: Ajith, Chamara, Dias  
 $B$  – Analysis: Chamara, Fernando  
 $C$  – Algebra: Fernando, Ajith  
 $D$  – History: Bandara, Dias, Erika  
 $E$  – English: Erika, Geetha  
 $F$  – Psychology: Erika, Fernando, Geetha

They want to know how many meeting times are necessary in order for each subject to meet once. Let the vertices of a graph be  $A, B, C, D, E, F$  and the edges of a graph represent common members in subjects.

- Draw the graph representing the above relationship.
- Find the degree for each vertex of the graph.
- Write down the adjacency matrix for the graph.

**Q6.**

- i. Define the connected graph. [10%]

- ii.  $G$  is the graph whose adjacency matrix  $A$  is given by [50%]

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Without drawing a graph of  $G$ , determine whether  $G$  is connected or not.
  - If  $V(G) = \{a, b, c, d\}$  then find the number of paths of length four joining vertices  $d$  and  $b$ .
  - Draw the graph of a adjacency matrix  $A$ .
- iii. Let  $G = G(V, E)$  be a connected graph with at least two vertices and suppose that  $|E(G)| < |V(G)|$ . Prove that,  $G$  has at least one vertex of degree one. [40%]

SECTION – C

Q7.

- i. Iterate the Eco-system growth for the relation  $k_{n+1} - \lambda k_n = 0$  for  $k_0 = 0.4$ , taking  $\lambda = 0.4$  and  $\lambda = 1.4$ , and draw the diagram. Hence deduce  $k_n$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ . (At least 5 iteration steps are necessary) [40%]
- ii. Iterate the Eco-system growth model relationship  $y_{n+1} - \lambda y_n + \lambda y_n^2 = 0$ , where  $\lambda = 2.5$  and  $y_0 = 0.2$  and draw the diagram. Hence deduce  $k_n$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ . (At least 5 iteration steps are necessary) [30%]
- iii. Draw the graph for the relation  $Z_{n+1} = Z_n^2$ , where  $Z_0 = 1.5 + 0.2i$ . Find  $Z_5$  and hence deduce  $Z_n$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ . [30%]

Q8.

A three-dimensional system is governed by the following system of differential equations:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dx}{dt} &= 3x + 2y - 2z \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= 2x + 3y - 2z \\ \frac{dz}{dt} &= -2x - 2y + 3z\end{aligned}$$

where  $x, y$  and  $z$  are function of  $t$  and at  $t = 0$ ,  $(x, y, z) = (1, 0, 1)$ .

Find the phase space value  $x(t), y(t), z(t)$  for  $t = 1, 2$ . [100%]

Q9.

- I. Let  $L_1 = \{1, 11, 111\}$  and  $L_2 = \{2, 22, 222\}$  be languages. Find  
 a)  $L_1 L_2$ , [10%]  
 b)  $L_2 L_1$ . [10%]
- II. Show that the string  $((-t * t) + (tnt))$  is a sentence generated by the grammar  $G$ , where,  $G = \{\{S, K\}, \{+, *, -, (, ), t, n\}, P, S\}$  and starting symbol  $S$  and production  $P$ . [25%]

$$P = \{S \rightarrow SKS, S \rightarrow t, S \rightarrow (S), S \rightarrow S * S, S \rightarrow -S, K \rightarrow +, K \rightarrow -, K \rightarrow n\}.$$

- III. Draw the directed graph that describes the DFA (Deterministic Finite Automation) with the following state transition table. [25%]

State	Input				Output			
	a	b	c	d	a	b	c	d
$s_0$	$s_0$	$s_1$	$s_2$	$s_1$	1	0	0	0
$s_1$	$s_1$	$s_0$	$s_1$	$s_2$	1	1	1	1
$s_2$	$s_0$	$s_3$	$s_2$	$s_1$	0	1	0	0
$s_3$	$s_2$	$s_3$	$s_1$	$s_4$	1	0	1	0
$s_4$	$s_4$	$s_4$	$s_4$	$s_4$	0	1	1	1

Initial state  $s_0$  and accepting state  $s_4$ .

- IV. Draw Let  $M$  be a Mealy machine. Let  $s \in S, a, b \in I$  and  $s \in I^*$  and defined functions. [30%]

$\delta: S \times I^* \rightarrow S$  and  $\beta^*: S \times I^* \rightarrow O^*$  by

$$\delta^*(s, \Omega) = s,$$

$$\delta^*(s, a.x') = \delta^*[\delta(s, a), x'],$$

$$\beta^*(s, \Omega) = \Omega,$$

$$\beta^*(s, a.x') = \beta(s, a)\beta^*[\delta(s, a), x'].$$

The two-frame binary pipeline device hold up two binary as in the following table,

State	Input			Output		
	a	b	c	a	b	c
00	11	10	10	0	1	1
01	01	00	01	1	0	1
10	01	10	11	0	1	0
11	11	10	00	1	0	1

Find the two-frame binary pipeline buffer and work out its response to the sequence  $aacbcbb$  from the state 10.

--- END ---

