

The Open University of Sri Lanka
Faculty of Engineering Technology
Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering



Study Programme	: Bachelor of Technology Honours in Engineering
Name of the Examination	: Final Examination
Course Code and Title	: EEX4331- Circuit Theory and Design
Academic Year	: 2020/2021
Date	: 15 th February 2022
Time	: 0930-1230 hrs
Duration	: 3 hours

General Instructions

1. Read all instructions carefully before answering the questions.
 2. This question paper consists of Seven **(07)** questions in **five (05)** pages.
 3. Answer any **Five (5)** questions only. All questions carry equal marks.
 4. Answer for each question should commence from a new page.
 5. This is a Closed Book Test (CBT).
 6. Answers should be in clear handwriting.
 7. **Do not** use a red color pen.
 8. Adhere to usual notations.
-

1.

a. Consider the circuit shown in Figure 01-(a).

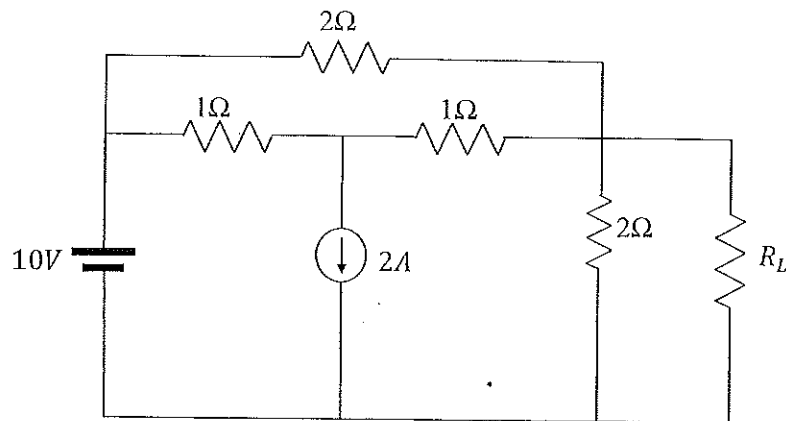


Figure 01-(a)

- i. Determine the Thevenin's voltage (V_{th}) and Thevenin's resistance (R_{th}) with reference to the resistance R_L of the circuit. [03 marks]
- ii. Represent the circuit shown in figure 01-(a) using the Thevenin's equivalent. [02 marks]
- iii. Determine the value of R_L to provide the maximum power transfer from the source. [02 marks]
- iv. Calculate the maximum power transfer of the circuit. [03 marks]

b. Consider the circuit shown in Figure 01-(b).

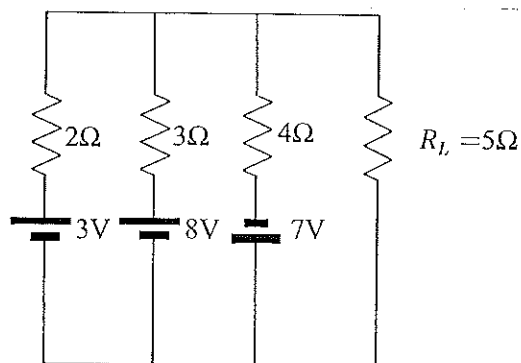


Figure 01-(b)

- i. Determine equivalent source voltage of the circuit. [05 marks]
- ii. Draw the simplified circuit using equivalent source voltage circuit of the Figure 01-(b). [02 marks]
- iii. Calculate the current through the R_L . [03 marks]

2. Consider the RLC circuit shown in Figure 02.

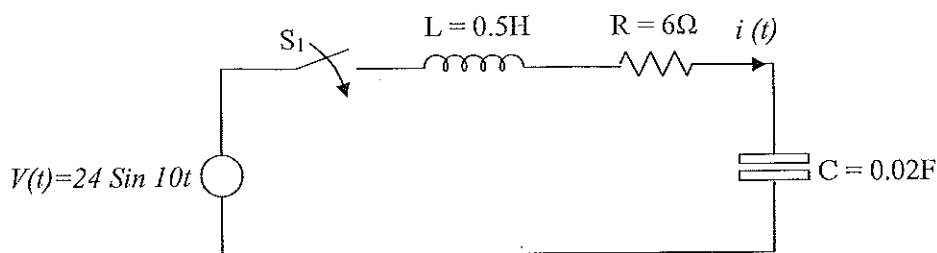


Figure 02

- i. Derive the differential equation that characterizes voltage and current of the circuit at any instant of time. Assume that the capacitor (C) is initially fully discharged. (*Hint: use Kirchhoff's law*). [05 marks]
 - ii. Solving the differential equation you have written in 'i', obtain an expression to the charge of the capacitor ($q(t)$) at time t . [15 marks]
3. Consider the RLC circuit shown in Figure 03. At $t = 0$ the switch S_1 is closed.

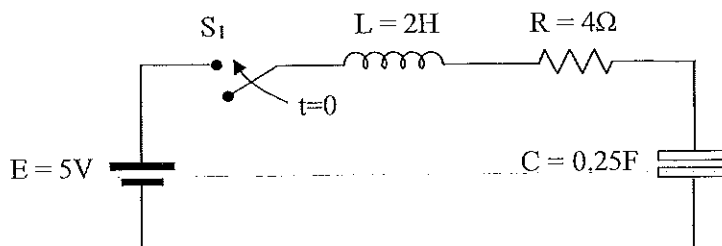


Figure 03

- i. Write a differential equation relating voltages across each element using Kirchhoff's voltage law. Assume that the capacitor is initially fully discharged and no energy is stored in the inductor L. [02 marks]
- ii. Solving the differential equation, you have written in 'i', obtain an expression for the current through the circuit $i(t)$ for $t > 0$. [12 marks]
- iii. Sketch the variation of current of the circuit against the time. (start from $t = 0$) [04 marks]
- iv. State the type of the response of this circuit. [02 marks]

4. Consider the circuit given in Figure 04. The switch S_1 is closed at $t = 0$ s.

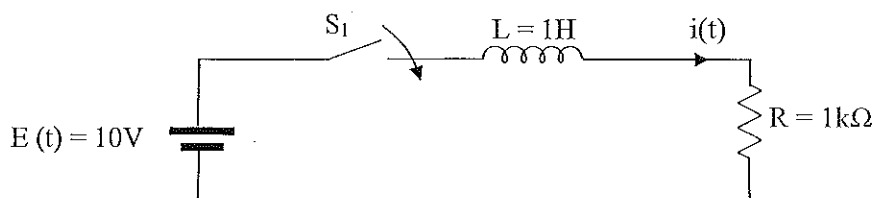


Figure 04

- i. Write the differential equation to determine the current through the circuit after closing the switch. [02 marks]
- ii. Convert the differential equation in to s – domain using Laplace Transform and obtain an expression to the impedance function $Z(s)$ which is also in s – domain. [02 marks]
- iii. Derive the solution for current through the circuit in s – domain $I(s)$. [02 marks]
- iv. Using inverse Laplace transform, derive the solution for current through the circuit in time domain $I(t)$. [08 marks]
- v. Using the expression derived in step iii above, obtain the natural response of the circuit in both time and s – domain. [06 marks]
(Hint – Replace the voltage source with a voltage impulse)

5. Consider the circuit is shown in Figure 05. The switch S_1 is closed at $t = 0$ s.

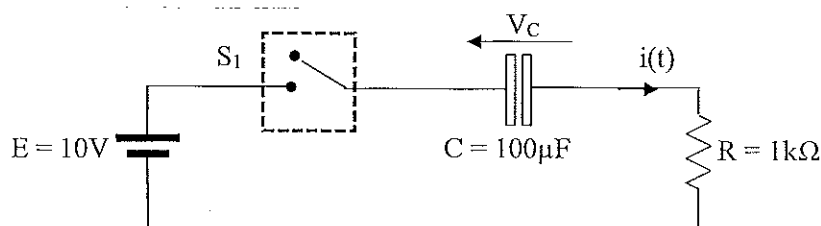


Figure 05

- i. Write the differential equation to find the current through the circuit after closing the switch S_1 . [02 marks]
- ii. Write the characteristic equation of the differential equation derived in step i above and find root/s of it. [03 marks]
- iii. Solve the differential equation and obtain the complete solution to the current $i(t)$ through the circuit. Use the initial conditions as given below. [12 marks]
 $V_C(0^+) = 5V$

(Hint: Consider the polarity of the capacitor voltage as indicated in the Figure 05).

- iv. Sketch the variation of current $i(t)$, starting at $t = 0$ s. [03 marks]

6.

- i. Synthesize the following RC impedance function using Foster I and II, Cauer I and II forms. [16 marks]

$$Z(s) = \frac{(s+2)}{(s+1)(s+3)}$$

- ii. Realize the following LC impedance function using Foster 1st form.

[04 marks]

$$Z(s) = \frac{(s^2+1)(s^2+3)}{s(s^2+2)}$$

7.

- i. Write the terminal characteristic equations of a general two-port network in matrix form using,

- open circuit impedance (Z) parameters.
- ABCD Transmission parameters.

[02 marks]

- ii. Consider the two port network in the Figure 07.

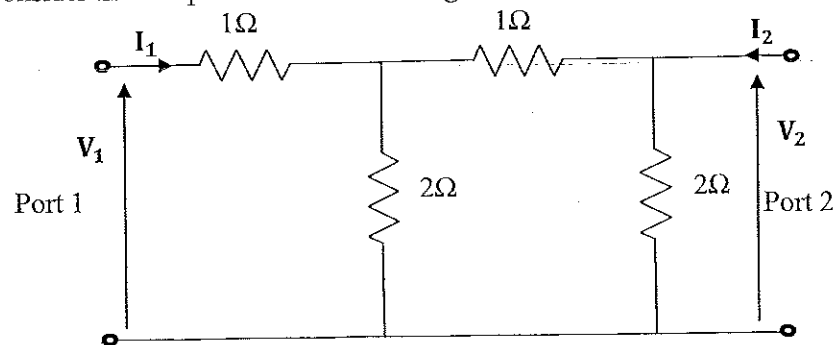


Figure 07

- a. Determine the ABCD parameters of the above network.

[08 marks]

- b. Is the network reciprocal? Justify your answer.

[02 marks]

- c. Calculate the image impedances at port 1 and port 2.

[06 marks]

- d. Hence, find the image transfer constant of the network.

[02 marks]

-END-

