

The Open University of Sri Lanka

B.Sc./B.Ed., Continuing Education Degree Programme

Applied Mathematics – Level 05

ADU5302/ADE5302 – Mathematical Methods

No Book Test (NBT) – 2023/2024



DURATION: ONE HOUR

Date: 02.09.2023.

Time: 14:30h – 15:30h

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS.

1. The Gamma function denoted by $\Gamma(p)$ corresponding to the parameter p is defined by

the improper integral $\Gamma(p) = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t} t^{p-1} dt$, ($p > 0$).

(a) Using the result $\Gamma(p+1) = p\Gamma(p)$, Compute each of the following:

(i) $\frac{\Gamma(4)\Gamma(3.5)}{\Gamma(5.5)}$

(ii) $\Gamma(-4.3)$

(b) Evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-h^2 x^2} dx$; where h is a positive integer.

2. The Beta function denoted by $\beta(p, q)$ is defined by $\beta(p, q) = \int_0^1 x^{p-1} (1-x)^{q-1} dx$,

where $p > 0$ and $q > 0$ are parameters.

(a) Compute $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{\sin 8x}}{\sqrt{\cos x}} \right) dx$

(b) Use Beta function to evaluate $I = \int_0^1 x^4 \sqrt{1-x^2} dx$.

3. Let $J_p(x)$ be the Bessel function of order p given by the expansion

$$J_p(x) = x^p \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^m x^{2m}}{2^{2m+p} m! \Gamma(p+m+1)}$$

(i) Express $J_6(x)$ in terms of $J_0(x)$ and $J_1(x)$,

(ii) Evaluate $\int J_5(x) dx$.

(iii) Show that $\frac{d}{dx} [J_n^2 + J_{n+1}^2] = 2 \left[\frac{n}{x} J_n^2 - \frac{n+1}{x} J_{n+1}^2 \right]$.

(Hint: You may use the following recurrence relations, if necessary, without proof.)

$$(i) \frac{d}{dx} \{x^p J_p(x)\} = x^p J_{p-1}(x)$$

$$(ii) \frac{d}{dx} \{x^{-p} J_p(x)\} = -x^{-p} J_{p+1}(x)$$

$$(iii) \frac{d}{dx} \{J_p(x)\} = J_{p-1}(x) - \frac{p}{x} J_p(x) \text{ or } xJ'_p(x) = xJ_{p-1}(x) - pJ_p(x)$$

$$(iv) J'_p(x) = \frac{p}{x} J_p(x) - J_{p+1}(x)$$

$$(v) J'_p(x) = \frac{1}{2} \{J_{p-1}(x) - J_{p+1}(x)\}$$

$$(vi) J_{p-1}(x) + J_{p+1}(x) = \frac{2p}{x} J_p(x)$$