THE OPEN UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA B. Sc. DEGREE PROGRAMME 2015/2016 CMU3122/CME5122 – ORGANOMETALLIC CHEMISTRY ASSIGNMENT TEST-I (NBT)



DATE: 4th April 2016 Duration = 1 hTIME: 4.15 p.m. to 5.15 p.m. ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS Select the most correct answer to each question given below. Mark a cross (X) over the most suitable answer on the given answer script. Any answer with more than one cross will not be counted. PART A (45 marks) 1. Which one is the most likely substitution reaction? 1) $[(\eta^{1}-C_{3}H_{5})Mn(CO)_{5}] \rightarrow [(\eta^{3}-C_{3}H_{5})Mn(CO)_{4}] + CO$ 2) $[Ni(PEt_3)_3] + PhI \rightarrow [Ni(Ph)(I)(PEt_3)_2] + PEt_3$ 3) $[Os(CO)_5] + I_2 \rightarrow [OsI_2(CO)_4] + CO$ 4) $[HMn(CO)_5] + CF_2 = CF_2 \rightarrow [Mn(CF_2CF_2H)(CO)_5]$ 5) $[MeMn(CO)_5] + CO \rightarrow [Mn(COMe)(CO)_5]$ 2. Consider the following organic ligands. (i) cyclobutene (ii) π-allyl (iii) ethenyl The monohapto ligand/s is/are 1) (ii) only. 2) (i) and (ii) only. 3) (i) and (iii) only. 4) (ii) and (iii) only. 5) Answer is not given. 3. Consider the following statements (i) CO and CS are isoelectronic. (ii) H₂O and HF are not isoelectronic. (iii) NO⁺ and N₂ are isoelectronic. The correct statement/s is/are 1) (iii) only 2) (i) & (ii) only 3) (i) & (iii) only 4) (ii) & (iii) only 5) (i), (ii) & (iii) 4. According to the covalent model, a possible 4e-donor ligand is 1) σ-allyl 2) ethene 3) HC≡CH 4) π–allvl 5) C₄H₈ 5. An L₃ type ligand is 4) η^6 -C₇H₈ 1) η^4 -C₄H₄ 2) η^4 -C₆H₆ 3) cyclopentadienyl 5) η^3 -C₃H₅ 6. The IUPAC name of $[CoI(CO)(\eta^6-C_6H_6)]$ is 1) Iodocarbonyl(η⁶-benzene)cobalt 2) Carbonyliodophenylcobalt 3) (Hexahaptobenzene)carbonylcobalt iodide 4) (η⁶-benzene)carbonyliodocobaltate 5) (η⁶-benzene)carbonyliodocobalt

4) CHCl₃

5) NO⁺

3) BMe_3

7. The strongest σ -donor ligand is

2) CO

1) PMe_3

8. The coo		n number o		Cl(η ³ -C ₃ H ₅)(r 4) 6	$(2^{2}-C_{4}H_{4})$] is 5) 8		
(i) (ii) The co 1)) It has 3 i) It is a correct state (iii) only	geometrical coordinative tement/s is/a	isomers. ly saturated re 2) (i) & (ii)	only.		optical isomers.	
Co in	$[(\eta^3-C_5H_5)]$;)CoMe(η ⁵ -0	C_5H_5)] (Grou	lination num up number of +2 4) 7, -	Co is 9) are		er of
1) 3)	It can ac It can ac	e about diniet as a dihape et as a bridgi eak π-accept	o ligand. ng ligand.	4) It is a	n act as a 4e a better σ-do	-donor. onor than CO.	
(Grou		of Co is 9)		VEC) of Co is)CoI(η^6 -C ₆ H ₆)]?	
1) 2) 3) 4)	In most of Coordina Oxidativ Oxidativ	cases, coordi atively satura e addition is e addition is	nation numbated metal confacile if the facile if the	entres can un metal centre	tal is increated dergo oxidate is electrone is coordinate.	sed by 2 units. ative addition react rich. atively unsaturated	
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	true about It is synthem. The oxon It is a sonthem.	at the above mmetrical.	complex? (of the ber of Pt is experience is not perper complex.	Group number +2. endicular to	er of Pt is 10		ements

THE OPEN UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA B. Sc. DEGREE PROGRAMME 2015/2016 CMU3122/CME5122 – ORGANOMETALLIC CHEMISTRY - LEVEL 5 ASSIGNMENT TEST-I (Part A)

MCQ ANSWER SHEET: Mark a cross (X) over the most suitable answer.

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					Wı	cong	Answer	îs		***************************************		•				•		
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13.	1	.	2	3	4	5	14.	1	2	3	4	5	15	. 1	2	3	4	5

Part B (55 marks)

Answer all the questions in the space provided. Attached sheets will not be graded.

- 1. (a) Give the IUPAC name for [ReH(Br)(Me)(η^1 -CH₂CH=CH₂)(η^5 -C₅H₅)].
 - (b) Draw the **structure** of [ReH(Br)(Me)(η^1 -CH₂CH=CH₂)(η^5 -C₅H₅)].

- (c) Determine the VEC of Re in [ReH(Br)(Me)(η¹-CH₂CH=CH₂)(η⁵-C₅H₅)] using **ionic model**. (Indicate your break down; Group number of Re is 7)
- (d) Determine the **coordination number** of Re in $[ReH(Br)(Me)(\eta^1-CH_2CH=CH_2)(\eta^5-C_5H_5)].$

(e) (i) Draw the **structures** of all the isomers of [FeBr₂(dppe)(CO)₂] dppe = PPh₂CH₂CH₂PPh₂ is a bidentate ligand.

(ii) Comment on the optical isomerism of [FeBr₂(dppe)(CO)₂].

(f) Arrange CO, NMe₃, PMe₃ and P(OMe)₃ in the order of increasing π-acceptability

Answer Guide for Assignment Test - I CMU3122/CME5122 – Organometallic Chemistry

or

Part A - MCQ ANSWERS

1. (1)	2. (5)	3 (1)		
6. (5)	7. (1)	3. (1) 8. (2)	4. (3)	5. (4)
11. (4)	12. (2)	8. (2)	9. (3)	10. (1)
		13. (5)	14. (3)	15. (3)

Part B

(1). (a) (η¹-Allyl)bromo(η⁵-cyclopentadienyl)hydromethylrhenium

 $Bromo(\eta^5\text{-cyclopentadienyl}) hydromethyl (2\text{-propenyl}) rhenium$

(c)
$$\eta^{1}-C_{3}H_{5}^{-} \longrightarrow 2e$$

$$\eta^{5}-C_{5}H_{5}^{-} \longrightarrow 6e$$

$$H^{-} \longrightarrow 2e$$

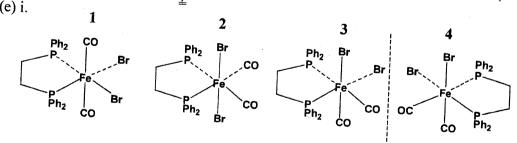
$$Br^{-} \longrightarrow 2e$$

$$CH_{3}^{-} \longrightarrow 2e$$

$$Re^{5+} \longrightarrow 2e$$

$$VEC = \underline{16e}$$

(d) Coordination number = No. of electron pairs = $1(\eta^1 - C_3H_5^-) + 3(\eta^5 - C_5H_5^-) + 1(H^-) + 1(CH_3^-) + 1(Br^-)$ (e) i.



- ii. Structures (1) & (2) are optically inactive since each has a plane of symmetry. Structures (3) & (4) are optically active & are enantiomers (not superimposable).
- (f) $NMe_3 < PMe_3 < P(OMe)_3 < CO$