The Open University of Sri Lanka **Faculty of Natural Sciences B.Sc./ B. Ed Degree Programme**



Department

: Computer Science

Level

Name of the Examination **Course Title and- Code**

: Continuous Assessment Test (CAT) CSU 3200 (Introduction to Computer Programming

Academic Year

: 2024/2025

Date

: 31.08.2024

Time Duration : 9.00 am -10.00 am

: One hour only

General Instructions

1. Read all instructions carefully before answering the questions.

2. This question paper consists of (02) questions on (04) pages.

3. Answer all questions.

4. The answer for each question should commence from a new page.

5. Involvement in any activity that is considered as an exam offense will lead to punishment

7. Use blue or black ink to answer the questions.

8. Clearly state your Register Number for B.Sc /B.Ed Degree Programme in your answer script

Question No. 1 (50 Marks)

1. Explain briefly the differences between the machine and high-level languages.

(5 marks)

2. What is the correct format modifier (conversion character) to output the value of myNum in the following program segment?

(2 Marks)

- 3. What are the five fundamental (basic) data types of C Language and mention the size of each data type in Bytes. (5 Marks)
- 4. What will be the output of the following code snippet?

int
$$i = 4$$
, $z = 12$;

if(
$$i = 5 \parallel z < 50$$
)

printf("\n Easy to understand the or operator in C Language");

else

printf("\n Difficult to understand the or operator in C Language"); (3 Marks)

5. Mention whether the following variable names are correct or wrong. If wrong write down the reason.

- 1. My-name
- 2. 2ndnumber

- 3. Value one
- 4. price
- 5. num1

(5 Marks)

6. Write down the syntax for the declaration of a floating type of variable.
(2 Marks)

7. What will be the output of the following program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a = 10, b = 100;

    printf("++a = %d \n", ++a);
    printf("a++ = %d \n", a++);
    printf("Now the value of a = %d \n\n", a);
    printf("--b = %d \n", --b);
    printf("b-- = %d \n", b--);
    printf("Now the value of b = %d \n\n", b);

return 0;
}

(6 Marks)
```

8. Re-write the following program using a switch-case statement.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
  int num;
  printf("Input any number = ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  if (num == 1)
     printf("January\n");
  else if (num == 2)
     printf("February\n");
  else if (num == 3)
     printf("March\n");
  else if (num == 4)
     printf("April\n");
  else if (num == 5)
     printf("May\n");
  else if (num == 6)
     printf("June\n");
  else if (num == 7)
     printf("July\n");
```

else if (num == 8)

```
printf("August\n");
      else if (num == 9)
         printf("September\n");
      else if (num == 10)
         printf("October\n");
      else if (num == 11)
         printf("November\n");
      else if (num == 12)
         printf("December\n");
      else
        printf("Wrong input\n");
      if (num>0 && num <=12)
        printf("It is the name of the month %d", num);
      else
        printf("%d is not a month number", num);
      return 0;
    }
                                                                      (15 Marks)
9. State the difference between scanf() function and getchar() function.
                                                                       (4 Marks)
10. There are two types of comments in C Language. State them.
                                                                      (3 Marks)
```

Question No. 2 (50 Marks)

- 1. State the difference between a variable and a constant. In C language, there are four types of constants. Mention three of them. (5 Marks)
- 2. Write the outputs of programs below.

(10 Marks)

```
#include <stdio.h>
                                            #include<stdio.h>
int main()
                                             int main()
  int x=10, y=1;
                                                int x = 10, y = 20, z;
                                                z = x + y;
  do
                                                printf("z = %d\n", z);
                                                z = 5;
     printf("%d\t", x++);
                                                goto label1;
                                                printf("z = %d\n",z);
     x = y;
     printf("%d\n", --x);
                                                z += x;
     x = x+5;
                                                label1:
                                                printf("z = %d\n", z);
  \} while(x<20);
  return 0;
                                                return 0;
```

- 3. Define an array named 'stu_marks' to input the marks of 10 students. Input the marks using a for loop and print them. Then calculate the average of marks and print them.

 (15 Marks)
- 4. Re-write the following program by correcting five syntax errors. #include <stdio.h>

```
int main() /* program which introduces keyboard input
{
    int number;

    printf("Type in a number : ")
    scan("%d", &number);
    printf(The number you entered was d \n", number);

    return 0;
}
```

(10 Marks)

5. What will be the output of the following program.

#include <stdio.h>

```
#include <string.h>
#define M1 "How are you"
int main()
  char M2[40] = "Beat the clock";
  char words[80];
  int length
  printf(M1);
  puts(M1);
  puts(M2);
  puts(M2+1);
  strcpy(words,M2);
  strcat(words, "Win a toy");
  puts(words);
  length = strlen(words);
  printf("No. of characters in the string words = %d", length);
  return 0;
```

(10 Marks)