(04 marks)

(16 marks)

## THE OPEN UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA BA DEGREE IN SOCIAL SCIENCES – LEVEL 5 (2006) FINAL EXAMINATION AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS – SSU 3205



## **DURATION – THREE (03) HOURS**

6.

(a)

(b)

Date: 05th December 2006 Time: 9.00 a.m. - 12.00 noonAnswer five (05) questions only. Select at least two questions from each part. Each question carries 20 marks. PART I 1. Discuss the following statements. "Agricultural economics uses the scientific method and economic theory to find answers to problems in agriculture". (10 marks) "The relative contribution of agriculture to overall economic development (b) declined in Sri Lanka over the past two decades". (10 marks) 2. (a) Briefly explain the Lewis Model. (08 marks) What are the assumptions rooted in the Lewis Model? (b) (06 marks) (c) What are the Pros and Cons related to the Lewis Model? (06 marks) 3. (a) Draw an isoquant to show how a farmer in your area can choose between commercial fertiliser and a legume crop to provide Nitrogen for a growing crop. (07 marks) By adding an isocost line to your diagram, show how that person can (b) determine the proper amount of each to be used. marks) (c) Differentiate the Marginal Rate of Technical Substitution (MRTS) from Marginal Rate of Product of Transformation (MRPT). (06 marks) 4. Discuss the following statements. "Market failure in agriculture in developing countries can take different (a) forms". (b) What are the constraints faced by developing countries in formulating agricultural policies? (10 marks) PART II 5. (a) Explain why a pricing policy is needed? (08 marks) Examine appropriate criteria for deciding price levels in a system of price (b) interventions. (12 marks)

Discuss the concepts of belief, value, and attitudes and their relationship to

Define "Agricultural Marketing".

agricultural development.

7	(a)	Differentiate between	the	two	concepts,	"Agricultural	Development"	and
<i>/</i> ·	(11)	"Rural Development".			1 .	•	(05 ma	ırks)
		Ittitut Dovosopinom					الم واستماله ووالم	hat a

(b) Given the level of diversity in less developing countries, do you think that a single and unified approach to rural development is possible? Explain.

(15 marks)

- 8. (a) Differentiate various agricultural data sources which are available in Sri Lanka. (06 marks)
  - (b) "Land productivity in less developing countries is relatively lower". Explain. (06 marks)
  - (c) Why are "natural resource indicators" so valid in national income accounts? (08 marks)

\*\*\*\*\*Copyrights reserved\*\*\*\*\*