

## The Open University of Sri Lanka B.Sc./B.Ed Degree Programme-Level 03-2008/2009 BTU 1201/BTE 3201 – Plant Diversity Assessment Test II(No Book Test)



Duration – One (01) hour Reg.No. ..... 21st February 2009 Time: 11.30 a.m.- 12.30 p.m. Date: Answer all questions on this paper itself. There are three (04) questions and four (04) pages in this question paper. 01. Given below include both true and false statements. Indicate the true statement by writing letter "T" and false statement by writing "F" in the space given in front of each statement. i. The vegetative body of algae is not differentiated into true roots, stems and leaves.(....) Algae are classified into five divisions.(.....) ii. Starch is the main food storage compound in both green algae and dinoflagellates. iii. Volvox is the smallest and the least complex form of motile coenobium in the green algae. iv. (.....) Bryophytes are the plants that are regarded as the pioneer land invaders.(.....) v. Marchantia has separate male and female plants and are called dioecious.(........) vi. In Anthoceros, antheridial initial cells are hypodermal cells and not superficial vii. cells.(....) The mosses are the most numerous, visible and most complex group in viii. bryophytes.(....) The protonema of *Sphagnum* is filamentous and forms two gametophytes.(..... ix. The characteristic feature of Genus-Andreaea is that the spore divides while still within X. the spore wall.(.....) Young embryo of *Poganatum* is different from all the other bryophytes by having two xi. apical cells.(....) Psilotum is unique among living vascular plants as it lacks both roots and leaves. xii. Most of the massive sea weeds referred to as kelps are members of the brown algae. xiii. *(....).* Mixtae constitutes the most advanced ferns.(.....) xiv.

The sporangia of *Marsilea* are borne in special, bean shaped structures called

XV.

sporocarps.(.....)

02. a. The chloroplasts of ground of chloroplast in from	reen algae are widely different in their shapes. Write the shape t of each alga given below.
Chlamydomonas	••••••
Mougeotia	
Zygnema	
Spirogyra	***************************************
Ulothrix	
Oedogonium	
Cladophora	
Chlorella	
b. List one function of each of	of the structure of Marchantia below.
Photosynthetic filaments	••••••
Rhizoids	••••••
Gemmae	
Antheridia	••••••
Involucre	••••••
c. List five (05) primitive feat	tures of Psilopsida
••••••	
03. Write two differences betwa. Thallus of <i>Marchantia</i> a	veen the following. und <i>Riccia</i>
Marchantia	Riccia
i	***************************************
i	
•••••••••••	*****

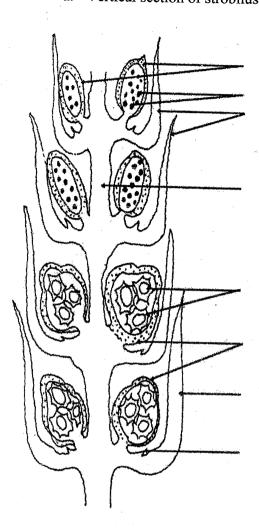


	b.	Sporophytes of Marchantia	N. C. C.			
		Marchantia	Poganat	um	T.	4
i			*****			
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••	•		
ii.				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	c.	Transverse sections of stems	s of <i>Selaginella</i> an	ıd <i>Equisetun</i>	n	
		Selaginella	Equisetu			
i.,		÷				
		••••				
	d.	Life cycles of Chlamydomo	onas and Ulva			•
		Chlamydomonas	Ulva			
i.		•••••			•••••	
		************				
ii.						

B

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b. Ventral view of gametophyte in Nephrolepis

