THE OPEN UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA

B.Sc. DEGREE PROGRAMME

BOTANY - LEVEL 05

FINAL EXAMINATION - 2017/2018

BYU5302/BYE5302 – PLANT GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

BOU3102/BOE 5102

DURATION: TWO (02) HOURS

Date: 03rd October 2018



Time: 9.30 a.m. - 11.30 a.m.

ANSWER ANY FOUR (04) OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

- 01. (a) What are gibberellins? Where are they produced?
 - (b) What are the similarities in responses brought about by auxins and gibberellins in plants?
 - (c) Briefly explain the role of gibberellic acid in vernalization.
 - (d) Briefly describe the uses of gibberellins in plants breeding.
 - (e) What is a coleoptile? Why does the removal of the tip of the coleoptile prevent plant growth?
- 02. Discuss the following:
 - (a) Brassinosteroids have been shown to carry out a variety of functions in plants.
 - (b) The flower stalks of water plants when submerged elongate rapidly.
- 03. (a) What is a seed?
 - (b) List the functions of seeds.
 - (c) How should a Gardner store his/her seeds from year to year?
 - (d) Explain how the tetrazolium test works in the determination of the viability of seeds.
 - (e) Briefly explain why seed dormancy exists in nature.
 - (f) Explain what is meant by "bud dormancy".

- 04. (a) Briefly describe the general structure of abscisic acid (structural formulae are not required).
 - (b) Some grain crops such as maize are viviparous when they mature in wet weather. Explain what this means.
 - (c) Describe the effect of abscisic acid on vivipary and precocious germination.
 - (d) Briefly explain the effect of abscisic acid on root and shoot growth.
- 05. Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Biochemical and structural properties of phytochrome.
 - (b) Uses of auxins in agriculture and horticulture.
- 06. (a) How are plants be classified according to their photoperiodism-based flowering?
 - (b) A short-day plant with a critical night length of 13 hours is cultivated for its flowers. Giving reasons, state whether this plant would flower or not when exposed to the following conditions.
 - (i) 14 hours of darkness.
 - (ii) 20 hours of darkness but given a flash of red light after 10 hours of darkness.
 - (iii) 20 hours of darkness but given a flash of red light followed by a flash of far-red light after 10 hours of darkness.
 - (iv) 20 hours of darkness but given a flash of red light after 14 hours.
 - (v) 11 hours of darkness.