

The Open University of Sri Lanka
Faculty of Engineering Technology
Diploma/Degree in Technology & Industrial Studies (Agriculture)

## Final Examination-2016

## AEM4235 - Agricultural Marketing

Date

: 22-11-2016

Time

: 9.30-12.30 hours

## **SECTION II:** Answer any four (04) questions

1.

- i. What do you mean by economic development? (2 marks)
- ii. What are the three sectors contributing to economic development? (3 marks)
- iii. Name five (5)ways in which the agriculture sector can contribute to the economic development of Sri Lanka (5 marks).
- iv. Elaborate three (03) of the points given above (15 marks)

2.

- i. What is marketing? How it differs from selling. (5 marks)
- ii. What are the challenges faced inmarketing the agricultural products locally(5 marks)
- iii. Discus five (05) of the above challenges (15 marks).

3.

- i. Write down the equation of ademand function and name the variables. (5 marks)
- ii. Graphically illustrate how demand of a product changes with each of the independent variable. (10 marks)
- iii. What is cross price elasticity of demand? (3 marks)
- iv. Discuss how availability of substitutions would influence the price elasticity of demand of a good. (7 marks)

- 4.
- i. What do you mean by market penetration? (5 marks)
- ii. What are the objectives of market penetration? (5 marks)
- iii. Briefly describe the methods of market penetration. (5 marks)
- iv. Briefly describe the ways of implementing a market penetration strategy. (10 marks)
- 5.
- i. What is meant by price fixing (ceiling)? (05 marks).
- ii. Suppose the government has decided to fix the price of paddy at Rs. 50/kg
  - a. Explain the implications if Rs. 50 is **above** the equilibrium price (10 marks)
  - b. Explain the implications if Rs. 50 is below the equilibrium price (10 marks)
- 6. Write short notes on **five (05)** of the following (5 marks each)
  - i. Consumer surplus
  - ii. Dead weight loss
  - iii. Income elasticity of demand
  - iv. Slotting fees
  - v. Trend analysis of production and prices of fruits and vegetables
  - vi. Agricultural risks