

**B.Sc. Degree Programme: Level 05** 



Final Examination - 2008

CSU 3275/PMU 3293/PME 5293 - Automata Theory - Paper II

Duration: Two and Half Hours.

26.06.2008

1.30 pm - 4.00 pm

Answer Four Questions Only.

- 1. i) Give the definition for state transition and output transition of a mealy machine.
  - ii) Suppose a Mealy machine is defined with the usual notation. Prove for  $\forall s \in S^*$  and  $i \in I^*$ ,  $a \in I^*$ ,
    - a)  $\delta^*(s,ai) = \delta^*(\delta^*(s,a),i)$
    - b)  $\beta^*(s,ai) = \beta^*(s,a) (\beta^*(\delta^*(s,a),i))$
  - iii) Construct a DFA over  $L = \{0, 1\}$  which will accept all the string in which the number of 1's is divisible by three(3).
- 2. i) Suppose M1,M2,M3 are Mealy machines and  $\phi_1$ ,  $\phi_2$  are homomorphisms such that  $\phi_1: M1 \to M2$  and  $\phi_2: M2 \to M3$ . Prove that  $\phi_1: \phi_2: M1 \to M3$  is a homomorphism, where  $\phi_1.\phi_2 = (\alpha, \sigma, \theta)$  and  $\alpha = \alpha 2.\alpha 1, \sigma = \sigma 2.\sigma 1, \theta = \theta 1.\theta 2$ .
  - ii) What do you mean by the statement that two Mealy machines are behaviorally equivalent?
  - iii) How do two behaviorally equivalent machines become a weaken homomorphism.
  - iv) If the  $\alpha$  mapping of the machine in part iii) are given as bijective, do those two machines possess the Identity isomorphism? Justify your answer.

- 3. i) Prove, for any three Mealy machines M1, M2 and M3 where  $k1: O_1 \rightarrow I_2$   $k2: O_2 \rightarrow I_3$ , the following are true.
  - a)  $M1 \oplus k_1(M2 \oplus k_2M3) \leq (M1 \oplus k_1M2) \oplus k_2M3$
  - b)  $M1 \parallel (M2 \parallel M3) \le (M1 \parallel M2) \parallel M3$
  - ii) Suppose M1 and M2 are two Mealy machines.
  - a) Show that  $(M1 || M2) \approx (M2 || M1)$ .
  - b) Is  $(M1 \oplus_{k_1}M2) \approx (M2 \oplus_{k_2}M1)$ , where k1:  $O_1 \rightarrow I_2$  and k2:  $O_2 \rightarrow I_1$ ? Justify your answer.
- 4. i) What is meant by the term 'non trivial' in the context of decomposing two machines?
  - ii) Give the definition for SP- partitions.
  - iii) State the parallel decomposition theorem.
  - iv) State the serial decomposition theorem.
- 5. The machine M(S,I,  $\delta$ , O,  $\beta$ ) is defined as S={1,2,3,4,5,6}, I={0,1},O={a,b}. M

	er e	State transition $(\sigma)$		Output (	transition $oldsymbol{eta}$
S\I	<b>\$.</b>	0	1	0	. 1
1	7.	2	3	a	b
2		1	3	a	b
3	* 1	4	5	b	a
4	-	3	2	a	b
5		1	6	b	a
6	1. 1. 1.	1	5	b	a

- i) Identify two SP-partitions from the above machine M.
- ii) Decompose M parallely.
- iii) Decompose M serially.

- 6.
  - i) Compare the differences of states, inputs, outputs and state/output transition between two Mealy machines in parallel and serial composition.
- ii) Following are two transition tables of M1 and M2. obtain serial and parallel composition of M1 and M2.

M1

	State	transition	Output transition		
S\I	0	1	0	1	
00	11	01	0	1	
01	11	01	1	0	
10	10	00	0	1	
11	10	00	1	0	

M2

	State transition			Output transition		
S\I	a	b	С	a	b	С
. 0	0	0	1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	1	1	1
Ø	1	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø

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