



THE OPEN UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA
B. Sc. DEGREE PROGRAMME - LEVEL 4-2010/2011
COURSE TITLE: FUNDAMENTALS OF ECOLOGY
COURSE CODE - ZOU 2265/ZLU 2281
OPEN BOOK TEST

REGISTRATION NUMBER

DATE: 24.04.2011

TIME -11.00AM-12.30 PM

Answer all questions in both parts A and B. Answers for part A should be indicated with an "X" in the answer sheet provided.

Both part A and B should be handed over after the examination.

PART A

Answer sheet for PART A

Ques. No	a	b	c	d
1.1				
1.2				
1.3				
1.4				
1.5				
1.6				
1.7				
1.8				
1.9				
1.10				

Ques. no	a	b	c	d
1.11				
1.12				
1.13				
1.14				
1.15				
1.16				
1.17				
1.18				
1.19				
1.20				

PART B

1.

1.1. What are the main population parameters which affect the density of a population?

.....

1.2. Illustrate the “geometric population growth” in discrete populations when the reproductive rate is constant. Consider starting population is 50 and R_0 values as 1.3, 1.2, 1.1, 1.0, and 0.95.

1.3. Considering the above R_0 values calculate the population size of these populations in the third generation (each population separately).

a) When $R_0=1.3$

c) When $R_0=1.0$

c) When $R_0=1.1$

d) When $R_0=0.95$

1.4. What type of growth pattern do you expect from a population if a) $R_0 > 1$?
b) $R_0 < 1$?

a) $R_0 > 1$

b) $R_0 < 1$

1.5. Differentiate the net reproductive rate (R_0) and the per capita rate of increase (r).

.....
.....
.....
.....

1.6. Giving two examples explain the exponential growth in nature.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

2.1 Name the two main types of interactions found in nature and describe them briefly.

.....
.....
.....
.....

2.2. List the types of population interactions between species in respect to response.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

2.3. Giving suitable examples, briefly explain the terms exploitative and interference competition.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

2.4. What are the possible out comes of inter specific competition between two species?

.....

.....

.....

2.5. Giving suitable graphical representations and equations explain the above (2.4) outcomes briefly.

(Copy right reserved)