

The Open University of Sri Lanka  
 B.Sc. Degree Programme  
 Applied Mathematics - Level 05  
 No Book Test-2016/2017  
 APU3240/APE5240 -- Numerical Methods



Duration: One And Half (1 ½) Hours

Date: 21.05. 2017

Time: 10.30 a.m. -12.00 noon.

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS.

1. (a) Evaluate the integral  $\int_0^2 \frac{e^{-x^2}}{1+x} dx$ , by Trapezoidal rule using the data given below:

$x$	0	0.25	0.50	0.75	1.0	1.25	1.50	1.75	2.0
$f(x)$	1	0.7515	0.5192	0.3256	0.1839	0.0932	0.0422	0.01701	0.0061

where  $f(x) = e^{-x^2}/1+x$ .

- (b) Evaluate the integral  $\int_0^3 \frac{x^2}{1+x^3} dx$ , by Simpson's Three Eight rule using the data given below:

$x$	0	0.25	0.50	0.75	1.0	1.25	1.50	1.75	2.0
$f(x)$	0	0.0615	0.2222	0.3956	0.5	0.5291	0.5143	0.4816	0.4444

$x$	2.25	2.5	2.75	3.0
$f(x)$	0.4086	0.3759	0.3470	0.3214

where  $f(x) = x^2/1+x^3$ . Hence find an approximate value for  $\ln(28)^{1/3}$ .

2. (a) Using Taylor series method, compute  $y(0.2)$  correct to four decimal places given that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - 2xy \quad \text{with the initial conditions } y(0) = 0.$$

- (b) Using Taylor series method, compute  $y(0.1)$  and  $y(0.2)$ , given that  $y'' = y + xy'$  with the initial conditions  $y(0) = 1$  and  $y'(0) = 0$ .

3. (a) Applying Picard's method, find the first-three successive approximations to solve

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x - y^2 \text{ with the initial condition } y(0) = 0.$$

(b) Using Modified Euler's method, find  $y(1.2)$  and  $y(1.4)$  given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2y}{x} + x^3$  with the initial condition  $y(1) = 0.5$ .