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# THE OPEN UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA B.Sc DEGREE PROGRAMME/STAND ALONE COURSE +2008/09 POLYMER CHEMISTRY - LEVEL 5 - CHU 3238/CHE 5238 ANSWER SHEET FOR PAPER I



MCQ ANSWER SHEET: Mark a cross (x) over the most suitable answer.

Reg. No												FOF	RΕΣ	ζAN	1INI	ERS	ONI	.Y
	<u>.</u>			~								Con	ect	Ans	wer!	3		
			•									Wro	ng .	Ans	wers			
												Mar	ks					
												1. 20 -7	- 1			$\perp$		
1. [	1 2	3	4	5	2.	1	2	3	4	5		3.	1	2	3	4	5	
4. J	1 2	3	4	5	5.	1	2	3	4	5		6.	1	2	3	4	5	
					J.,		<u> </u>						<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
7.	1 2	3	4	5	<b>8.</b> - :	1	2	3	4	5		9.	1	2	3	4	5	•
10.	1 2	3	4	5	11.	1	2	3	4	5		12	1.	2	3	4	5	
13.	1 2	3	4	5	14.		2	3	4	5		15.	1	2	3	4	5	i.
16.	1 2	3	4	.5	17.	1	2	3	4	5		18.	1	2	3	4	5	
19.	1 2	3	4	5	20.	1	2	3	4	5		21.	1	2	3	4	5	•
22.	1 2	3	4	5	23.	1	2	3	4	5		24.	1	2	3	4	5	
25.	1 2	3	4	5	26.	1	2	3	4	.5;		27.	1	2	3	4	5	
28.	1 2	3	4	5	29.	1	2	3	4	5		30.	1	2	3	4	5	
31.	1 2	3	4	5	32.	1	2	3	4	5	٠	33.	1	2	.3	4	5	
34.	1 2	3	4	5	35.	1	2	3	4	5		36.	1	2	3	4	5	
37.	1 2	3	4	5	38.	1	2	3	4	5		39.	1	2	3	4	5	
40.	1 2	3	4	5	41.	1	2	3	4	5	,	42.	1	2	3	4	5	
43.	1 2	3	4	5	44.	1	2	3	4	5		45.	1	2	3	4	5	
46.	1 2	3	4	5	47.	1	2	3	4	5		48.	1	2	3	4	5	
49.	1 2	3	4	5	50.	1	2	3	Á	5		·			i			



#### THE OPEN UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA

#### B. Sc. Degree Programme/Stand Alone Course — Level 5

#### Final Examinations 2008/09

#### CHU 3238/CHE 5238 — Polymer Chemistry - Paper I

Duration: 2 Hours

## Friday 19th June 2009

10.00 am - 12.00 noon

- Answer all 50 (fifty) questions
- Choose the most correct answer to each of question and mark your answer with a cross ["X"] on the answer script.
- Use a PEN (not a PENCIL) in answering...
- Any answer with more than one "X" marked will be considered as an incorrect
  answer.
- 1/6<sup>th</sup> of the marks assigned will be deducted for each incorrect answer.
- The use of a <u>non-programmable</u> electronic calculator is permitted.
- Logarithm tables, graph papers etc will be provided on request.

Gas constant (R)	=	8.314 J K <sup>-1</sup> mol <sup>-1</sup>
Avogadro constant (L)	=	6.023×10 <sup>23</sup> mol <sup>-1</sup>
Planck constant (h)	,	$6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$
Velocity of light (c)	· =	$3.0 \times 10^{8} \text{ m s}^{-1}$
Standard atmospheric pressure ( $\pi$ )	ersi <b>w</b> i	$10^5 Pa \left(N m^{-2}\right)$
$\log_{e}(X)$	=	2.303 Log <sub>10</sub> (X)

1. 126 Å	_	26Å, what is the 3. 252 Å	length of above poly 4. 5.04 Å	· <u>-</u>
a. They ha	statement is true a ve a saturation poi ce longer time for	int. b	They do not have a	saturation point.
The correct 1.a only	statement/s is/are 2. b only	3. c only	4. a and b only	5. b and c only
<ol> <li>Polymen</li> <li>Chemica</li> <li>Physical</li> </ol>	al properties of all properties of poly	ing points. 2 polymers are the ymers are different	. Polymers form sat e same. ent from each other. o the amount of mon-	
05. Consida. C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH e. CH <sub>3</sub> OH	_		. СН₃СООН	d. H <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> -COOH
Which mol	ecules can act as n  2. a, b & d	nonomers? 3. b, c &	d 4. b, d & e	5. c, d & e '
06. How n 1.1	nany reactive sites 2. 2	are in aniline? 3. 3	4. 4	5.5
	are merized substance iquid form as adhe		. completely polyme	rized substances.
a. half poly				
c. used in l	t statement/s is/are 2. b only	3. c only	4. a and c only	5. b and c only
a. half poly c. used in la The correct 1.a only 08. Which 1. By produ 2. By produ 3. The produ 4. Self add	2. b only statement is not to ucts are formed du ucts are not formed duct has the same of ition of monomer	3. c only rue about chain puring polymerizate d during polymer elemental compo	oolymerization? tion.	monomer.

	The correct	statement/s is/are			
	1.a only	2. b only	3. c only	4. a and c only	5. b and c only
1	<ol> <li>Vigoro</li> <li>Solution</li> </ol>		tion would occ 3. Bulk	eur in which polymeriza 4. Suspension 5	ation technique?  Melt condensation.
	b. an activa	ial ingredient in the tor in the presence	of fatty acids.	lation.	reaction.
	The correct	statement/s is/are			
	1.a only	2. b only	3. c only	4. a and c only	5. all of above.
	13. Tyres of a. heat	legraded during ser b. mechanical s	*	and $O_3$ c. atm	nospheric O <sub>2</sub> and O <sub>3</sub> .
	The correct	statement/s is/are			
	1.a only	2. b only	3. c only	4. a and c only	5. all of above.
	a. to incorp	is milled (mastica porate other chemic molar mass.	•	b. to reduce viscosity d. prevent oxidation.	
	The correct 1.a, b & c o 5. all of abo		& d only	3. a, c & d only	4. a, b & d only
	16 3371 1.1	nt ( )			
	a. Resulting b. Resulting	g polymer is a stere g polymer is an iso	o regular poly. tactic polymer		
	The correct 1.a only	statement/s is/are 2. b only	3. c only	4. a and c only	5. all of above.
		£.			
	16. Field la 1. sulphurie	atex can be stabiliz c acid. chloride solution.	2. am	monia solution. Ormic acid.	3. acetic acid.

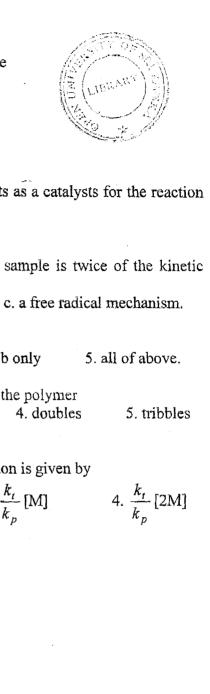
	polymer is 1. Nylon 6, 2. Nylon 6,6 3. Nylon 5,6 4. Nylon 6,5 5. Nylon 5
	<ul> <li>18. Nitrile rubber is</li> <li>a. a copolymer.</li> <li>b. produced by emulsion polymerization of butadiene with styrene.</li> <li>c. produced by polycondensation of phenol with formaldehyde.</li> </ul>
	The correct statement/s is/are 1.a only 2. b only 3. c only 4. a and b only 5. all of above.
	<ol> <li>Thermoplastics</li> <li>are formed by addition polymerization.</li> <li>are formed by condensation polymerization.</li> <li>cannot be soften by heating.</li> </ol>
	<ul><li>4. are hard and brittle.</li><li>5. insoluble in any solvent.</li></ul>
ਬ	<ul><li>20. The efficiency of plasticizer depends on the</li><li>a. polarity.</li><li>b. density.</li><li>c. solubility parameters.</li></ul>
	The correct statement/s is/are 1.a only 2. b only 3. c only 4. a and c only 5. all of above.
	<ul> <li>21. What method can not be used to determined T<sub>g</sub>?</li> <li>1. NMR spectroscopy 2. Differential thermal analysis. 3. Dilatometry method.</li> <li>4. Ultra violet spectroscopy 5. Infra red spectroscopy.</li> </ul>
	22. Above T <sub>g</sub> , the polymer material is in the a) visco-fluid state. b. rubbery state. c. visco-elastic state. d. glassy or solid state.
les .	The correct statement/s is/are 1.a only 2. b and c only 3. d only 4. a and c only 5. all o above.
	23. Chain flexibility 1) increases 2) decreases 3. does not affect 4. doubles 5. tribbles the value of $T_{\rm g}$ .
	24. For asymmetrical polymers, the $T_g$ and $T_m$ can be correlated as,
	1. $T_g = 2T_m$ 2. $T_g = \frac{1}{2}T_m$ 3. $T_g = \frac{2}{3}T_m$ 4. $T_g = 3T_m$ 5. $T_g = T_m$
	25. Intermolecular bonding 1) increases 2) decreases 3. does not affect 4. doubles 5. tribble

	26. Syndiotactic polymers	s form			
	a. amorphous polymers		e polymers.	c. crystallin	e polymers.
	The correct statement/s is.	lare			
	1.a only 2. b only		4. a and c only	5. b and	c only
•	07 T 17	er (a. E. C.	•		
	27. In dilatometry method 1, the flow time is measur		entrations		
	2. the capillary difference			ns.	
	3. the capillary difference	is measured at diffe	rent temperatures	i.	
	4. the volume change is much s.5. the volume change is n				
. •					
	28. If the polyethylene	sample having C	C distance of 1	.26 Å and th	e degree of
	polymerization is 100, the 1. 12.6 nm. 2. 12.6 /		1stance 1s 4. 126 Å	5. cannot be	calculated
				S. Camior S.	outourated.
	29. The full extend length 1, 12.6 nm. 2, 12.6 /				
	1. 12.6 nm. 2. 12.6 Å	3. 126 nm	4. 126 Å	5. cannot be	e calculated.
	30. Nitrile rubber is wide	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	<ol> <li>electrical switches.</li> <li>shoe soles.</li> </ol>	2, microwave s none of the above.		3. oil seals.	
	4. Shoe soles.	inone of the above.			
	31. Stereoregular polyme				•
	a. atactic b.	isotactic	c. syndiotactic		
	The correct statement/s is/	/are			
	1.a only 2. b only	3. b and c only	4. a and c	only 5.	all of above.
	32. Which statement is in	correct?			
	1. Light scattering method	l is used to determin	e weight average	molar mass.	
	2. Ultra centrifuge technic	que is used to deterr	nine number aver	age molar mas	SS.
	<ul><li>3. Viscometry is used to d</li><li>4. End group analysis is u</li></ul>			ar mass	
	5. Osmometry is used to d				
	33. Swelling of polymers	does not depend on			
	1. polymer-polymer intera	ctions.	er vikuri e e e	v.*	,
	2. type of the solvent used				
	<ul><li>3. force of interaction bety</li><li>4. surface area of the poly</li></ul>		lymer molecule.		
	5. stirring and temperature	_		e pala	
	<i>→</i>				

34. Polymer solubility depends on a. the nature of the solvent. b. the temperature of the solution. c. the forces between the polymer and solvent molecule.
The correct statement/s is/are 1.a only 2. b only 3. c only 4. a and b only 5. all of above.
35. Polymer is soluble only if, a. $\Delta H_m < T\Delta S_m$ b. $\Delta G_m < 0$ c. $\Delta G_m > 0$ d. $\Delta H_m > T\Delta S_m$
The correct statement/s is/are 1.a only 2. b only 3. c only 4. a and b only 5. all of above.
36. If the polymer sample contains three molecules of molar masses 10,000, 20,000 and 15,000 g/mol, the number average molar mass, $\overline{M}_n$ of above sample is 1.15,000 2.10,000 3.20,000 4.25,000 5. None of the above.
37. Polydispersity factor of above sample is 1. 2.0 2. 0.5 3. 1.5 4. 2.5 5. None of the above.
For Q. 38-39, The polydispersity values of five polymer samples are given below. 1. 1.6 2. 2.5 3. 1.1 4. 2.8 5. 3.0
38. Which one has comparatively narrower distribution curve?
39. Which sample has the number average molar mass, $\overline{M}_n$ nearly equal to the weight average molar mass, $\overline{M}_w$ ?
40. T <sub>m</sub> can not be determined by 1. thermal analysis. 2. X-Ray diffraction. 3. IR spectroscopy 4. NMR spectroscopy 5. Osmometry
41. The molar mass, M and the T <sub>g</sub> can be correlated as
1. 2. $T_g^{\infty} = T_g - \frac{k}{M}$ 2. $T_g^{\infty} = T_g + \frac{k}{M}$ 3. $T_g^{\infty} = T_g + 2\frac{k}{M}$
4. $T_g = T_g^{\infty} + \frac{k}{M}$ 5. $T_g = 2T_g^{\infty} + \frac{k}{M}$
42. In free radical polymerization, the rate of polymerization 1) increases 2) decreases 3. does not affect 4. doubles 5. tribbles with the temperature.

43. In the free radical and ionic polymerization, the degree of polymerization 1) increases 2) decreases 3. does not affect 4. doubles

1) increases 2) decreases 3. does not affect 4. doubles 5. tribbles with increasing temperature.



44. Kinetic chain length of the polymer v, is defined as the

- 1. rate of initiation/rate of propagation.
- 2. rate of initiation/rate of termination.
- 3. rate of propagation/rate of initiation.
- 4. rate of propagation/ rate of termination.
- 5. rate of initiation.

45. In a diacid-dialcohol polymerization, if the diacid acts as a catalysts for the reaction too, the order of the reaction is

- 1.0
- 2.1
- 3. 2.
- 4.3
- 5.4

46. It was found that the degree of polymerization of a sample is twice of the kinetic chain length. The reaction could be explained using

- a. a cationic mechanism. b. an anionic mechanism.

The correct statement/s is/are

- 1.a only
- 2. b only
- 3. c only
- 4. a and b only

47. In the free radical polymerization, the chain length of the polymer

- 2) decreases
- 3. does not affect
- 4. doubles

when transfer agents are used at the termination step.

48. In cationic polymerization, the degree of polymerization is given by

- $1. \frac{k_p}{k} [2M]$
- 2.  $\frac{k_p}{k_i}$  [3M] 3.  $\frac{k_p}{k_i}$  [M] 4.  $\frac{k_t}{k_p}$  [M]

49. Polycarbonates are

- 1. polyamides of primary amines and carboxylic acids.
- 2. polyesters of phenols and carbonic acids.
- 3. polyesters of alcohols and carboxylic acids.
- 4. polyamides of dicarboxylic acids and diamines.
- 5. polyesters of dicarboxylic acids and diols.

50. Poly(vinyl acetate) can be prepared by

- a. bulk polymerization
- b. emulsion polymerization
- c. suspension polymerization.

The correct statement/s is/are

- 1.a only
- 2. b only
- 3. c only
- 4. a and b only
- 5. all of above.