

THE OPEN UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA
 BACHELOR OF INDUSTRIAL STUDIES /
 BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY
 FINAL EXAMINATION 2013 / 2014
 TTX5232 – YARN AND FABRIC MECHANICS
 DURATION - THREE HOURS



DATE: 13th August 2014

TIME: 0930 - 1230HOURS

Total Number of Questions = 08 Number of questions to be answered = 06

Answer the question 1, which is compulsory, and five (05) additional questions.
 Question 1 carries twenty five (25) marks and questions 2 to 08 carry fifteen (15) marks each.

1. Compulsory Question

- a) Distinguish between "Physical properties" and "Physical characteristics". Give three examples of each from textile materials. (02 Marks)
- b) Briefly explain how you would determine the crimp of a fibre using load elongation curve. (03 Marks)
- c) In conventional engineering applications, **stress** (f) is defined as force per unit area (F/A). The **specific stress** (σ) applied to textile fibres is force per linear density (eg. N/tex). Derive an expression to give the relationship between ' f ' and ' σ '. (04 Marks)
- d) Name four type of **fancy** yarn and draw sketches to show their appearance. (02 Marks)
- e) Briefly explain what you understand by fibre migration in the process of staple yarn manufacture. (03 Marks)
- f) Briefly explain why subjective or objective measurements of hairiness of staple Yarn are difficult. (give four reasons) (03 Marks)
- g) State the two Amonton's laws of friction. (02Marks)
- h) What is the most significant difference between the structures of ring spun and rotor spun yarns? (02 Marks)
- i) Compare the most important properties/characteristics of common engineering materials with those of textiles. (02 Marks)
- J) Briefly explain the term crimp height in woven fabric (02 Marks)

- (2) a). Explain the terms "Elastic recovery" and "Work recovery" using a stress-strain curve of an elastic yarn considering elastic and plastic extension. (07 Marks)
- b). Explain various time dependent deformation of a fibre, where spontaneous load introduce over a period of time and remove spontaneously. (draw a time extension curve and time load curve to show different creep) (08 Marks)
- (3) a). Explain the effect of moisture regain and the temperature of the guide. Draw a graph illustrating the changes of friction with increase of moisture. (07 Marks)
- b). Briefly explain the following terminology related to structural features of yarn and the influence of them on physical properties and characteristics. (08 Marks)
- i. Volumetric density
 - ii. Average fibre segment length
 - iii. mobility or freedom of movement
- (4) a). Explain the influence of following factors on yarn hairiness. (05 Marks)
- i. Twist
 - ii. Fibre Finess
 - iii. Fibre length
 - iv. Fibre Bending
- b). Open packing and Hexagonal Close Packed Structure are two models which give how fibres are arranged in the cross section of a yarn. However the way of packing of fibres is different in actual yarns. Discuss the reasons for these deviations from ideal models. (10 Marks)
- (5) a) When you developed a model to study the stress strain behavior of yarn, you made certain assumptions. Explain 5 of these assumptions (05 Marks)
- b) Explain how the surface lubrication would affect the friction between a fibre and a solid object. (05 Marks)
- c) Explain why we do not observe any migration of steel wires used in steel cables, although they are also twisted like continuous filament yarns. (05 Marks)

- (6) a) What do you understand by "Wild Fibre"? (04 Marks)
- b) Draw a typical stress /strain (or load/elongation) curve and explain or define the terms initial modulus, yield point, specific stress and work of rupture. (08 Marks)
- c) What is an "Elastomeric Yarn"? (03 Marks)
- (7) a) Explain the term "crimp interchange" in woven fabrics under tensile force. (04 Marks)
- b) Yarn parameters and fabric parameters play an important role in ascertaining the fabric geometry of a woven fabric. Briefly explain the above parameters of yarn and fabric. (06 Marks)
- c) Derive the relationship between English cotton count and the Text count of spun yarn. (05 Marks)
- (8) a) A plain-woven fabric has 48 ends/inch and 55 picks/inch. If the warp and weft crimps are 4.5% and 9.5% respectively, determine the sum of the diameters of the yarns. (08 Marks)
- b) Briefly explain the elliptical geometry of Peirce's used in developing the elliptical theory using a fabric cross-section. Mark the specification such as length displacement, diameters, angle, etc. (no need to develop theory) (07 Marks)