# THE OPEN UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA

## FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCES

## DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY & COUNSELLING

## ACADEMIC YEAR 2018/2019 – SEMSETER II

**BACHELOR OF SCIENCE HONOURS IN PSYCHOLOGY**

**PLU3302 – PERSONALITY & INDIVIDUAL DIFFERENCES – LEVEL 3**

**CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT TEST II - NBT - II**

**DURATION: ONE HOUR**

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DATE: 10th August 2019 TIME: 9.00 A.M – 10.00 A.M

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**REGISTRATION NO: .....**

**IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS/ INFORMATION TO CANDIDATES**

- This question paper consists of **09 pages** with **two sections**

  **Section 1: 20 Multiple Choice Questions (40 Marks)**

  **Section 2: 12 Short Answer Questions (60 Marks)**
- Write your **Registration Number** in the space provided.
- **Multiple Choice Questions (Section 1):** Indicate answers in the answer sheet provided by placing a cross (X) in **INK** in the relevant cage (answers in pencil will **NOT** be marked)
- Answer **ALL** questions.
- **Short Answer Questions (Section 2):** Write answers within the space provided.
- Do **NOT** remove any page/part of this question paper from the examination hall.
- Do **NOT** keep unauthorized material, including mobile phones and other electronic equipment, with you during the examination.

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**SECTION 1: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 QUESTIONS – 40 MARKS)**

1.1 Which one of the following describes a "personality assessment"?

a A method in psychology to identify the individuals' intelligence

b A method in psychology to identify the individuals' differences

c A method in psychology test the individuals' mood

d A method in psychology to test an individuals' behaviour

1.2 The Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory (MMPI) measures which of the following?

a Intelligence, mood and social relationships

b Physical concerns, intelligence and social attitudes

c Mood, physical concerns and social attitudes

d Social attitudes, social relationships and Mood

1.3 Which of the following is identified as a type of projective test?

a Rorschach inkblot test

b Word association test

c In-clinical observation

d Self-report

1.4 Direct observation of the client's behaviour is the best form of assessment to;

a investigate their psychological functioning.

b provide opportunity for the clients to express their feelings.

c measure personality factors in a research setting.

d gathering information about the target behaviour

1.5 Rorschach's Inkblot test designed to measure .....

a Dreams.

b Conscious desires.

c Brain size.

d Unconscious intentions.

1.6 The Thematic Apperception Test (TAT) was developed by

a Sigmund Freud and Alfred Binet

b Henry Murray and Christiana Morgan

c Raymond Cattel and Alfred Binet

d Raymond Cattel and Millon

1.7 Which of the three factors need to be considered when assessing individual behaviour?

a Antecedent, behaviour, and consequences

b Antecedent, behaviour, and intelligence

c Antecedent, intelligence, and traits

d Antecedent, intelligence, and characteristics

1.8 Which of the following is used to differentiate personality state from traits?

a Beck Inventories

b The State-Trait Personality Inventory

c Hamilton's Rating Scale

d The Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory

1.9 The Million Clinical Multiaxial Inventories (MCMI) is used to assess which of the following?

a Personality disorders

b Personality patterns

c Personality characteristics

d Personality dimension

1.10 Which of the following evaluates children through a behavioural assessment system?

a Intelligence, learning disabilities, or social competence

b Emotional, intelligence, or learning disabilities

c Cognitive, emotional or learning disabilities

d Cognitive, intelligence, or learning disabilities

1.11 An individual test is a test that can be administered to one individual at a time. Which one of the following is considered as an individual test in personality assessment?

a The Sixteen Personality Factors

b The Million Clinical Multiaxial Inventories

c Rorschach Inkblot Test

d The Neo-Personality Inventory Revised

1.12 Which of the following is considered as a group test in personality assessment?

a Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory

b Rorschach Inkblot Test

c Sentence Completion Test

d Thematic Apperception Test

1.13 Personality psychologists refer to three aspects of emotion to examine relatively stable personality characteristics. What are they?

a Affectivity, intensity, and expressiveness

b Affectivity, intensity, and sadness

c Sadness, intensity, and expressiveness

d Affectivity, intensity, and sadness

1.14 Which one of these personality tests used to assess emotional state?

a The State-Trait Personality Inventory

b The State-Trait Anxiety Inventory

c Hamilton's Rating Scales

d Self-Report

1.15 Which one of the following ethics describe about accuracy, honesty and truthfulness?

a Justice

b Integrity

c Fidelity and responsibility

d Respect for people's rights and dignity

1.16 "Psychologists maintain an individuals' right to privacy, confidentiality, and self-determination" What is the relevant ethical term for this statement?

a Integrity

b Non-judgemental attitudes

c Respect for people's rights and dignity

d Fidelity and responsibility

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1.17 Which document provided by the researcher ensures that participants are aware of all the potential risks and costs involved in a treatment or procedure?

a Informed consent

b Ethical guideline

c Questionnaire

d Interview guideline

1.18 Which of the following needs to be considered when releasing test data?

a Test taking abilities and other characteristics

b Substantial harm, misuse or misinterpretation of data

c Accuracy in interpretation of test data

d Nature and purpose of the assessment

1.19 Scoring and interpretation of test data requires.....

a A special training in assessment theory and test construction

b Validity and reliability

c Explanation of results

d Professional qualifications

1.20 Which one of the following needs to be considered for test construction?

a Test-taking abilities and characteristics

b Education qualifications

c Scientific and professional knowledge

d Psychologists behaviour

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**ANSWER SHEET FOR SECTION-1**

| Q. No. | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
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**SECTION 2: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (12 QUESTIONS – 60 MARKS)**

**WRITE ANSWERS ONLY WITHIN THE SPACE PROVIDED.**

2.1 'Different types of personality assessment methods are used to test an individuals' personality'. What is the contribution made by in treatment?

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2.2 Name the four objective personality tests.

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2.3 What is Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory (MMPI)?

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2.4 What is a projective test in personality testing?

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2.5 List down the projective tests.

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2.6 Briefly describe the Behavioural Assessment System for Children (BASC).

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2.7 Name four most common behavioral assessment methods applicable to the personality disorders.

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2.8 List down four key ethical considerations made during the psychological assessments process.

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2.9 Briefly explain how psychological researcher maintain test security.

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2.10 Name the general principles in ethics in personality psychology.

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2.11 Briefly describe the term "fidelity and responsibility''.

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2.12 Briefly explain three key points which need to be considered by a psychologist when interpreting assessment results.

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----------END OF QUESTION PAPER----------